

2019 INCIDENT ORGANIZER

Shaded portions of pages 1, 2, 4, & 8 indicate REQUIRED information for reporting purposes.

Incident Name

Incident #

Start Date

Fire Code								
Jurisdiction								
IC#1 Took Command	Nam	ne:		Date:			Time:	
IC#2 Took Command	Nam	ne:		Date:			Time:	
CONTAIN	Date	э:		Time:				
CONTROL	Date	э:		Time:				
OUT	Date:		Time:					
Declared Out By								
Final acres by ownership	BLI	M	USFS	NPS	S	tate	Other	TOTAL
For fire reporting purpo	oses – (CON	TAIN, CONT	ROL, OUT c	ann	ot be th	e same time	-
IC Signature:						Date	:	
IC Name:								
Zone Duty Office	er					Date	:	
Signature:								
Zone DO Name:								
				1				

ON-SCENE SIZE	-UP						
IC:							
Observed Hazard(s	s):						
Estimated Size: acres			Ownership:	:			
	1. Grass		4. Pinion/Ju	uniper	7. Aspen		
Fuel Type:	2. Grass/S	Sage	5. Lodgepo	le Pine	8. Logging/	Thinning	Slash
	3. Oakbru	ısh	6. Spruce/F	-ir	9. Other (sp	pecify)	
Spread Potential:	1. Low		2. Moderate	е	3. High	4. I	Extreme
Best Access:							
Threat to Wildland/	Urban Interfa	ace (WUI)?	? □ No	□ Ye	es – specify:		
Life or property (str	uctures) thre	atened?	□ No	□ Ye	es – specify:		
Additional resource	s needed?		□ No	□ Ye	es – specify:		
Resources on scen	e:						
		F	IRE SIZE-UF	•			
Legal:	Township:		Range:			Section	n(s):
DATUM: D,dm	Latitude	۰ ".	-	Longitu	de °	"	
Character of	1. Smolder	ing	2. Creeping	9	3. Running		
Fire:	4. Spotting		5. Torching	1	6. Crowning 7. Erration		
Flame Length:			Slope:				
	in / ft		·				
	 Ridgetop)	2. Saddle			3. Upper 1/3	
Position on Slope:	4. Middle 1	/3	5. Lower 1/	/3		6. Canyon Bottom	
	7. Valley B	ottom	8. Mesa/Pla	ateau		9. Flat or Rolling	
Agnosti	1. Flat	2. N	3. NE		4. E	5. SE	
Aspect:	6. S	7. SW	8. W		9. NW	10. Ridgetop	
		1. Cle	ar		2. Scattered Clouds		
Weather Conditions	. .	3. Bui	lding Cumulu	IS	4. T-Storms	S	
Weather Conditions	.	5. Ligl	htning		6. Overcas	t	
		7. Ligl	ht Rain		8. Heavy R	ain	
Wind Speed:		Gusts	:		Direction:		
Elevation:		_					
	1. Lightning	9	2. Campfire	Э		3. Smc	king
Cause:	4. Debris B	urning	5. Arson			6. Equi	ipment
	7. Railroad		8. Other				
Fire Investigator Re	equired?	□ No	☐ Yes *if `	YES fill o	out spot wx,	pg.7	

			RESOUI	RESOURCE SUMMARY	MARY			
Resource ID	Resource Type	ERT/ETA	Arrival	No. of People	Briefed? Y or N	Assignment	Release Time	Request
		/						
		1						
		1						
		/						
		1						
		1						
		/						
		1						
		/						
		/						

FUI	ELS TR	EATMENT				
Was the area previously trea	ted?	□ Yes	□ No			
If so, what was the treatment lop and scatter, etc.)	method	d used? (Explain: rolle	er chop, slash,			
How did the treatment affect flame length, etc.)	the fire	behavior? (Explain: ra	ate of spread,			
Did it help in the suppression efforts? ☐ Yes ☐ No						
(Explain: burn-out, water, har	nd-line,	etc.)				
RET	ARDA	NT DROPS				
If retardant was dropped, did it encroach into any drainages?	□ Yes		□ No			
If so, notify Dispatch as soon notified to respond.	as poss	sible, so a Resource	Advisor can be			

Lat/Long:

INCIDENT OBJECTIVES
Provide for firefighter and public SAFETY.
2.
3.
4.
5.

Incident Commander Command Staff Operations Air Operations DIVS/TFLD DIVS/TFLD DIVS/TFLD

Incident Complexity Analysis (Type 3, 4, 5)		
CIRCLE COMPLEXITY LEVEL ABOVE	YES	NO
Fire Behavior		
Fuels extremely dry and susceptible to long-range spotting, or you	1	
are currently experiencing extreme fire behavior.		
Weather forecast indicating no significant relief or worsening conditions.		
Current or predicted fire behavior dictates indirect control strategy with large amounts of fuel within the planned control perimeter.		
Firefighter Safety		
Performance of firefighting resources affected by cumulative fatigue.		
Overhead overextended mentally and/or physically.		
Communication ineffective with tactical resources or dispatch.		
Organization		
Operations are at the limit of span of control.		
Incident action plans, briefings, etc., missing or poorly prepared.		
Variety of specialized operations, support personnel, or equipment.		
Unable to properly staff air operations.		
Limited local resources available for initial attack.		
Heavy commitment of local resources to logistical support.		
Existing resources worked 24 hours without success.		
Resources unfamiliar with local conditions and tactics.		
Values to be protected		
Urban interface, structures, developments, recreational facilities, or potential for evacuation.		
Fire burning in or threatening more than one jurisdiction and potential for unified command with different management objectives.		
Unique natural resources, special-designated areas, critical municipal watershed, T&E species habitat, or cultural values sites.		
Sensitive political concerns, media involvement, or controversial fire policy.		

						Sp	ot Wea	athe	er Fo	recast	Re	eques	st		
1. Nam	e of	Incid	dent /	Projec	t:	2. Red	questing .	Agen	ісу:	3. Reque	esti	ng Offic	cial:		
										Date:		Time:			
4. Loca	tion	(Lat	/Long)):		5. Di Nam	rainage ie:		6. Asp	pect:					
7. Size					8.	Eleva	ation:	9. Fı	uel Typ	e:		10. S	helterii	ng:	
Projec	t (ac	res):			To	pp	Bottom					Full Partia	al eltered	1	
11 \\/\0	atho	or Co	nditio	ne at l) Oci	dont /	Project o	r from	m PΛ\Λ	/S (please	cn		enered		
11. WE	auic	51 CO	liuitio	nis at ii			Direction/		IIIXAN	75 (piease	s sp	ecity).			
Place	E	lev.		ervatior			locity		Temp	erature				Sky/Weath	ner
			Date	e/Time		20 ft	Eye- level	Dry	/ Bulb	Wet Bul	b	RH	DP		
12. Reque	cŧ		Toda				Tonigh			ı		omorro		1	
Foreca for:		Clo & V	uds Vx	Temp)	RH	20FT wind	Sm dis	oke p.	Haines index	L		Mixing neight	Transport winds	t
13. Re	mar	ks:					•	•		•					
The W			oreca	ster wi	ll p	rovide	e Block	Date	e/Time	:					
			and	Outloo	k:										

		FOR A	LL FIRES	•					
Managed For M	ultiple Objective	s?		١	⁄es	/ No			
In a Large Comp	olex ?			١	⁄es	/ No			
Acres Burned In	WUI?			١	⁄es	/ No			
Managed Fire C	onverted to Sup	pression?		١	⁄es	/ No			
Reimbursable?					,	,			
Is another Ager	ncy responsible	for costs?)	es/	/ No			
Trespass?					,	,			
Human caused	fire on Federal	Lands.			es/	/ No			
Initial Strategy	?			5	Suppr	ession	/ N	Mana	ged
		CO	UNTY						
	MMIT	□ G	ARFIELD				MES	SA	
□ EA	GLE		PITKIN			⊠ RIC	BLA	ANC)
		FOR U	SFS FIRE	S					
		RANGE	R DISTRICT						
☐ 1 ASPEN ☐ 4 EAGLE						7	7 DIL	LON	
□ 2 BL		_	OLY CROSS	3					
□ 3 S0			6 RIFLE						
	- F	Representati	ve RAWS Sta	ation					_
]		OF	□ 51510
051404 DEADHORSE	051504 RIFLE		051506 CROWN	s	051508 051510 STORM KING DEEP				EEP
					CREEK				KEEK
□ 051606	051607		□ 051608		□ 051703				
DOWD	GYPSU		ANGMAN			CREEK			
_			MODEL (see)				
□ A	□ L	T		□ F			Н		□G
	COVER	CLASS (Chec	ck one item	on eac	th line)			
_			_	_		_		1	_
□ Ponderosa Lo	U denole Doug	Spruce	☐ Aspen G	□ rass/S	ane	□ Oak	Pin	ion	□ Other
. 3.140.304 20	Pine Fir	/Fir	. topon O		-90	Jun	Juni	iper	00.
☐ Seed/Sapling		Pole Timber	· 🗆 Matu	ıre Un	cut		Cuto		
			. 011		_		Slas	in	
☐ Cutover/Slash		☐ Thinning	Slash			Insect	Kill		

			FOR B	LM FIRI	ES		
Field Offic	ce: [☐ GJFO		☐ CR	VFO		
FBPS Fuel	Model (s	see belov	v):				
	FII	RE PROTE	CTION T	YPE (See	FLOW CHA	ART)	
1-1	1-5	1-6	1-D	2-A	2-D	3-7	5-E

FBPS Fuel Models

Grass Fuel Models

- 1. Grass and savannas(correlates to NFDRS models A and L)*
- Open shrub land, pine and scrub oak stands covering less than 2/3 area (correlates to NFDRS model T)*
- 3. Tall prairie and marshland grasses where influence of wind is high

Shrub Fuel Models

- 4. Stands of mature shrubs, closed jack pine stands
- Young green stands with no dead wood, such as laurel or vine maple
- Intermediate shrub stands, cured hardwood slash (correlates to NFDRS model F)*
- 7. Stands of shrub 2-6 feet, such as palmetto-gallberry with pine overstory

Timber Fuel Models

- Closed canopy stands of short-needle conifers or hardwoods that have leafed out and support fire in the compact litter layer (correlates to NFDRS model H)*
- Long-needle conifer and hardwood stands
- 10. Any stand with large quantities of dead-down fuel (correlates to NFDRS model G; use for campfires)*

Slash Fuel Models

- 11. Conifer or hardwood stands with light partial cuts or thinning
- 12. Heavily thinned conifer stands, clearcuts, medium heavy partial cuts
- 13. Clearcuts and heavy partial cuts in mature stands where slash is dominated by material with diameter exceeding 3 inches

<u>Fuel</u>	<u>Fuel</u>	NFDRS DESCRIPTION
Type	<u>Model</u>	
GRASS	<u>*A</u>	Represents grasslands vegetated by annual grasses and forbs. Some brush or trees may be present but occupy a small portion of the area. [Cheatgrass, oak savannah]
	<u>*L</u>	Represents grasslands vegetated by perennial grasses and forbs. Species are coarser and amounts heavier than those in fuel model A. Some shrubs and trees may be present but occupy a small portion of the area. [Fescue, Wheatgrass]
	С	Represents open pine stands. Perennial grasses, needle litter and branch wood significantly contribute to the fuel loading. [Longleaf, Ponderosa, and Sugar Pine]
	*T	Represents shrubs that burn easily and are not dense enough to shade out grasses and other herbaceous plants. The shrubs must occupy at least one-third of the site. [Sagebrush]
BRUSH	В	Represents mature, dense brush 6 feet or more in height. Much of the aerial fuel is dead. Foliage burns readily. Fires are typically intense and fast spreading. [Chaparral]
	*F	Represents mature oakbrush stands. [Pinon-Juniper]
TIMBER	*H	Represents healthy stands of short-needled conifers with sparse undergrowth and a thin layer of ground fuels. [White Pine, Spruces, Firs, Larchs]
	R	Represents hardwood areas after canopies leaf out in the spring. An "off-season" substitute for fuel model E. Best during the summer in all hardwood and mixed coniferhardwood stands where more than half of the overstory is deciduous.
	*G	Represents dense conifer stands where there is a heavy accumulation of litter and downed woody material. Typically overmature and suffering insect and disease damage. Undergrowth is variable and restricted to openings. [Spruce-Fir, Lodgepole Pine; use for campfires]
SLASH	К	Represents light slash from thinning and partial cuts in conifer stands. Slash is typically scattered under an open canopy. Applies to hardwood slash and southern pine clearcuts where the fuel loading is relatively light. [Ponderosa Pine]
	J	Represents medium slash from clearcuts and heavily thinned conifer stands. Needles are still attached to branches. Material is typically less than 6" diameter.
	I	Represents heavy slash loading from conifer clearcuts. Needles are still attached to the branches.

	SUMMARY	OF ACTIONS (ICS 214)
Date	Time	Major Events (Important decisions, significant events, briefings, reports on conditions, etc.)

RADIO FREQUENCIE	S	
Frequency	Tone	
Rx		
Тх		
Rx		
Tx		
Rx		
Tx		
Rx		
Tx		
Rx		
Tx		
Rx		
Тх		
	Rx Tx	Rx Tx Rx